



ASPO – FOCUS COURSE LAID IN TOWARDS 2020

The four-year period Aspo started in 2016 has moved forward with determined steps, and in 2017, the value of conglomerate Aspo developed positively. Reaching the targets set for the future continues to require focus. Having a vision and setting goals, together with closely planned activities, enable the development of Aspo's value, also in the future.

The financial targets set clarify the long-term vision of the conglomerate even further. These financial goals are based on continuous learning and increased strategic understanding. New requirements set by the changing environment are at the focal point of the strategy and operations.

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ASPO IN BRIEF

AN ACTIVE OWNER

Aspo is a conglomerate that specializes in demanding B-to-B customers. It owns and develops its businesses in Northern Europe and in selected growth markets. Aspo's wholly owned subsidiaries ESL Shipping, Leipurin, Telko and Kauko operate under their own strong brands and provide value for their customers. The objective of the trade and logistics businesses is to be the market leaders in their sectors. Aspo's value is produced by the entity formed by its businesses.

VISION

Aspo's vision is to increase the value and competence of the company from generation to generation

STRATEGY

Aspo owns, leads and develops its business operations and Group structure for the long term without any predefined schedules.

AN ACTIVE DIVIDEND POLICY

Every year, Aspo distributes at least half of the annual profit in dividends on average. Average dividend yield in 2006–2017:

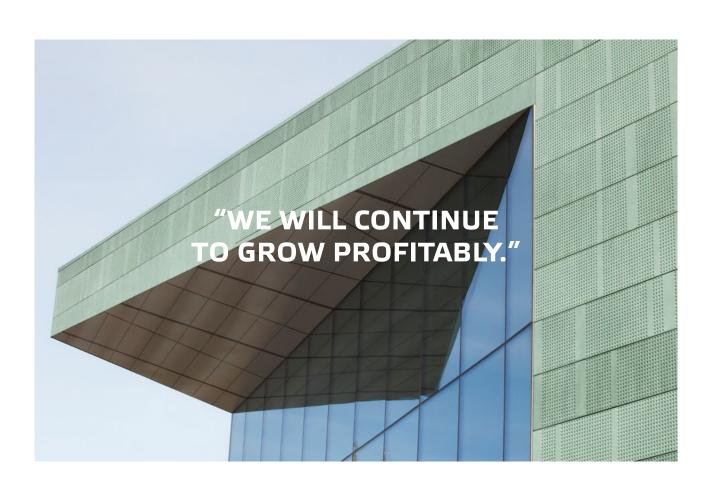
6.1%







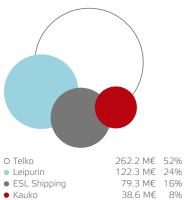




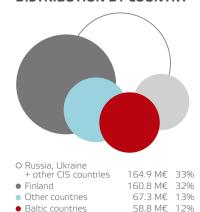


KEY FIGURES 2017





2017 NET SALES DISTRIBUTION BY COUNTRY



50.6 M€ 10%

NET SALES

502.4M€

457.4M€ (2016)

OPERATING PROFIT

23.1M€

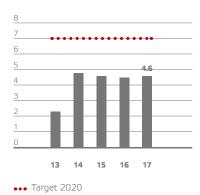
20.4M€ (2016)

FINANCIAL TARGETS

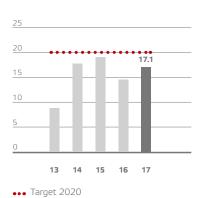
Aspo is committed to reaching its long-term financial targets by 2020.

Scandinavia

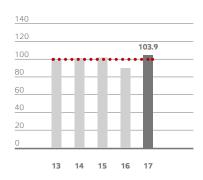
OPERATING PROFIT %



RETURN ON EQUITY %



GEARING %



••• Target 2020

7%

ASPO IS ABLE TO REACH ITS
OPERATING PROFIT TARGET OF
SEVEN PERCENT, ABOVE ALL, BY
INVESTING IN THE DEVELOPMENT
OF ITS CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS AND
SETTING UP A PRODUCT AND SERVICE
RANGE WITH A HIGHER MARGIN.

20%

ASPO'S OBJECTIVE IS TO REACH AN EXCELLENT ROE LEVEL OF OVER 20 PERCENT ON AVERAGE. 100%

ASPO'S TARGET IN TERMS
OF GEARING IS AT MOST
100 PERCENT. BEING A
CONGLOMERATE, ASPO HAS LOW
BUSINESS RISKS AND IS MORE
RESISTANT TO INDEBTEDNESS
THAN COMPANIES BEARING
HIGHER RISKS, AND IT UTILIZES
LEVERAGE IN ITS OPERATIONS.



FOKUS - EVENTS

March 1, 2017

CHANGES IN TELKO'S BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Starting from March 1, 2017, the following members were appointed to the Board of Directors of Telko, in addition to the chairman of the company's Board of Directors: Anders Dahlblom, Vice President and Managing Director of Paroc Group Oy; Elina Piispanen, Chief Transformation Officer at Sanoma Media Finland; and Irmeli Rytkönen, CEO of Gigantti Oy Ab.

March 28, 2017

LEIPURIN 100 YEARS

Leipurin has served its customers for 100 years, starting from the early days of Finland's independence. Leipurin's future activities are based on its original roots: customer-driven operations. According to its new growth strategy, Leipurin will serve not only bakery customers, but also customers in the out of home (OOH) market.

April 5, 2017

DIVIDENDS PAID IN TWO INSTALLMENTS

In spring 2017, Aspo shifted to a practice of paying dividends in two installments. This practice will help Aspo to improve its cash flow management, produce steadier cash flow to its shareholders and reduce volatility of the share price. The first installment of dividends of EUR 0.42 was paid in April and an equal installment was paid in November.

May 23, 2017

KAUKO DELIVERED ITS 1,000TH SOLAR POWER SYSTEM

Kauko's solar power business grew strongly. In May, the 1,000th system delivery of the year was installed. The sales volume at the beginning of the year equaled the volume of solar power systems delivered by the company in 2016. The total output of 1,000 solar power systems covers the electricity consumption of roughly 200 detached houses in a year.

June 28, 2017

ESL SHIPPING'S NEW DRY CARGO VESSEL WAS NAMED VIIKKI

ESL Shipping's new eco-friendly dry cargo vessel was named Viikki in a ceremony held in Nanjing, China, in June. The 160-meter LNG-fueled vessel of 26,000 dwt produces more than 50% less carbon dioxide than the previous vessel generation.

July 9, 2017

TELKO STARTED OPERATIONS IN THE MIDDLE EAST

As planned, Telko started operations in the Middle East in order to acquire raw materials and start to sell special technical products.

August 31, 2017

LEIPURIN DIVESTED RAW MATERIAL OPERATIONS FOR THE MEAT INDUSTRY

Leipurin sold its raw material operations for the meat industry to MP Maustepalvelut Oy, part of the Dutch Barenz Group.

September 1, 2017

TOMI TANNINEN APPOINTED CFO OF TELKO

Tomi Tanninen (M.Sc. Econ.) was appointed new CFO of Telko starting from September 1, 2017.



FOKUS - EVENTS

September 22, 2017

ESL SHIPPING'S SECOND LNG-FUELED DRY CARGO VESSEL WAS NAMED HAAGA

ESL Shipping's second LNG-fueled dry cargo vessel was named Haaga at the Jinling shipyard in Nanjing, China, in September. It will start operating, together with its sister ship Viikki in the Baltic Sea during the first half of 2018.

November 22, 2017

TELKO AIMS TO DOUBLE ITS OPERATING PROFIT

Telko's new goals were announced at Aspo's investor event. Telko estimated its net sales to be at EUR 300–350 million and operating profit at 6–7 percent by the end of 2020.

December 1, 2017

KAUKO DISCONTINUED ITS OPERATIONS IN CHINA

Kauko decided to discontinue its project operations in Beijing during the fourth quarter. After discontinuing its operations in China, Kauko will have operations in Finland and Germany.

First half of 2018

NEW LNG-FUELED DRY BULK CARGO VESSELS LAUNCHED

The two new vessels are the most effective large bulk carriers in the world in terms of their fuel economy and level of technology. Their CO2 emissions are more than 50% lower compared with current vessels.

2020

FINANCIAL TARGETS REACHED

The four-year period that has been set to reach the Group's long-term financial targets ends. With its current structure, the company is looking for an operating profit rate of 7%, ROE of over 20% on average and gearing of up to 100%.



OPERATING ENVIRONMENT IN 2017

The global economy improved in 2017. What is more, economic growth in the EU and in Finland accelerated, export volumes grew and investments started to increase. Industrial production went up in the main market areas of Aspo's businesses. Towards the end of 2017, the Russian market and global sea freight markets, which are important to Aspo, started to return to the normal market situation.

The exchange rate of the Russian ruble in relation to the euro evened out at the end of 2017. The price of oil remained unchanged and the prices of production raw materials stayed low. The general market prices of dry bulk cargo increased slightly, while cargo prices remained at a fairly low level.

+14%

Ruble -denominated net sales' growth of Aspo's Russian companies (2009–2017) -9.3%

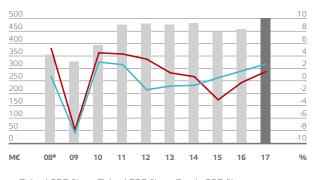
Value of ruble decreased (2017)

+42%

Baltic Dry index increased, but remained low (2017) +1.5%

Russia's GDP strengthened (2017)

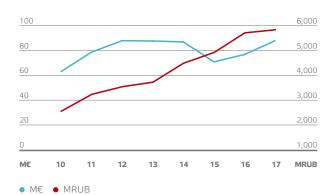
NET SALES OF ASPO AND ECONOMIC CYCLES



• Finland GDP, % • Finland GDP, % • Russia GDP, %

* continued operations

NET SALES IN ASPO'S RUSSIAN COMPANIES



RESPONSIBILITY

Ensuring responsibility is of primary importance for securing the long-term development of Aspo. In the sectors of Aspo's businesses, the main aspects related to corporate responsibility concern the reduction of energy consumption and emissions, wellbeing and safe working conditions of personnel, equality and good governance. **Read more**



SUBSIDIARIES



ESL SHIPPING

ESL Shipping is the leading shipping company transporting dry bulk cargo in the Baltic Sea region. Its purpose is to weather conditions.

ensure raw materials for			
the industries and energy			
production throughout			
the year, even in difficult			

concepts, R&D services, raw materials and machines.

LEIPURIN.

Leipurin produces

solutions for bakery and

confectionery products,

the food industry and

Out-of-Home markets.

The company provides

its customers with total

LEIPURIN

	2017		2017
NET SALES	79.3M€	NET SALES	112.3M€
OPERATING PROFIT	13.5M€	OPERATING PROFIT	3.1M€
OPERATING PROFIT %	17.0%	OPERATING PROFIT %	2.5%



TELKO

Telko is a leading expert and supplier of plastic raw materials and industrial chemicals. Its extensive customer service also covers technical support and the development of production processes. Telko represents leading international principals in the industry.

	2017
NET SALES	262.2M€
OPERATING PROFIT	10.8M€
OPERATING PROFIT %	4.1%

Καυκο

KAUKO

Kauko specializes in customized hardware and software solutions for demanding field conditions and critical social functions. The company is also the leading supplier of solutions that improve energy efficiency.

2017 NET SALES 38 6M€ OPERATING PROFIT -0.2M€ OPERATING PROFIT % -0.5%

ASPO AS A CONGLOMERATE

Aspo has the will, skills and resources to develop its businesses in the light of its far-reaching strategic vision. Aspo's key objective is to increase and internationalize medium-sized companies.

Operating in multiple fields enables a steady development of profit and diversified risks. Operating in several different countries also diversifies risks.

Aspo wholly owns its thoroughly selected businesses operating in different sectors, it relies on external Boards of Directors in terms of leadership, and it partly channels financing through the parent company and partly directly to specific businesses. Investors should not regard Aspo as a holding company – it is an industrial conglomerate, regardless of its unique structure.

STRENGTHS OF A CONGLOMERATE

- 1. Offering an extensive strategic understanding of the operating environment.
- Enabling larger investments which single businesses would not necessarily have the prerequisites for.
- **3.** Setting up a structure which balances fluctuations in economic situations because of cycles that differ from one subsidiary to the next.
- **4.** Forming a balanced whole with diversified cash flows according to both business and geographical region.
- Performing long-term development work across generations.
- Enabling structural arrangements. Businesses can be developed in a dynamic and independent way.